



#### **Longcroft School Mission Statement**

Longcroft strives to be a positive, warm and welcoming school where pupils aim to do their very best and, with great heart, thought and vision, take pride in their achievements and those of our community. By constantly challenging our pupils to excel, we nurture aspiration and strive to cultivate a lifelong love of learning in our young people. We provide a creative, safe, inclusive and carring environment where every child is known and cared for as an individual. In this climate, every young person has the opportunity to thrive as they develop in personality, character and intellect and become a highly successful learner and individual.



#### Introduction

This document outlines the curriculum and key considerations including:

- Aims and purpose
- Alignment with the whole school provision and curriculum intent
- A summary programme of study which includes sequencing of taught content

#### We use the National Curriculum as our statutory foundation and broadly share its principles and aims including:

- 'To provide pupils with an introduction to the essential knowledge that they need to be educated citizens. To introduce pupils to the best that has been thought and said; and help engender an appreciation of human creativity and achievement'.
- To prepare students to be confident in themselves, to have a fulfilled and successful life beyond our school one where they contribute positively to society.
- Our statutory curriculum is just one element in the education of every child. There is time and space in the school day and in each week, term and year to range beyond statutory specifications.
- Provision of a framework of core knowledge around which teachers can develop exciting and stimulating lessons to promote the development of pupils' knowledge, understanding and skills as part of the wider school curriculum.
- The wider school curriculum includes an extensive range of opportunities and activities that are routinely available to students, are inclusive and reflect our diverse community.

#### Inclusion

In accordance with our school curriculum statement, teachers will set high expectations for every pupil. They should plan stretching work for all pupils, including whose attainment is significantly above the expected standard. There is an even greater obligation to plan lessons for pupils who have low levels of prior attainment or come from disadvantaged backgrounds. Evidence based approaches must be taken to respond to specific needs including students with special educational needs and those for whom English is not their first language; and be regularly reviewed. Teacher's must at all times take account of their duties under equal opportunities legislation and act consistently with our vision and values.

#### Numeracy and literacy

Teachers should take opportunities to develop pupils' mathematical fluency, spoken language, reading, writing and vocabulary within their specific discipline and in line with the expectations laid out in our school curriculum statement.

#### Purpose of study

'A high-quality history education will help pupils gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. It should inspire pupils' curiosity to know more about the past. Teaching should equip pupils to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement. History helps pupils to understand the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time.' Adapted from National Curriculum, DfE, 2014.

#### Aims

The Longcroft School and Sixth Form curriculum for history aims to ensure that all pupils:

- know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world
- know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind
- gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'



- understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically-valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses
- understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed
- gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short and long-term timescales.

#### Subject Curriculum Vision:

The History Curriculum is designed to allow students to understand and make sense of the contemporary world and for students to be able to appreciate and be respectful of the impact that influential individuals, various civilizations and different countries have had locally, nationally and internationally over time. The History Curriculum encourages students to take an interest in current affairs and apply contemporary issues and events to their knowledge of the past in order to give meaning and reason to the present. The History Curriculum aims to challenge existing preconceptions through inquisitive analysis which promotes holistic and balanced evaluations of topical issues. The History Curriculum strives to instil awe and wonder in students about the world in which they live, encouraging them to be naturally inquisitive about what has shaped their own lives and local area, as well as being equally intrigued about what has shaped the current national climate and the broader global status quo. The History Curriculum demands that students are confident in formulating their own judgments in a balanced and measured manner, and promotes the linking of key concepts and occurrences that have happened across different time periods and in different parts of the world. The History Curriculum aims to broaden students' emotional intelligence, empathy and respect to allow them to see themselves as members of the wider global community rather than simply a member of their local or national community, helping students to realise that there is no limit to what is possible and that they can really make a difference in the world.

The History Curriculum offers students breadth and depth by covering and linking British History and World History using Chronological and Thematic approaches. The History Curriculum knits together KS 3, KS 4 and KS 5 meaning that at each Key Stage, students are able to understand, appreciate and interlink the key factors that have shaped both British and wider world societies across a broad timeframe. Students not pursuing History beyond Key Stage 3 receive a general level of substantiated and disciplinary knowledge of Britain and wider world societies across key time frames; students pursuing History at Key Stage 4 receive a developed level of substantiated and disciplinary knowledge of Britain and wider world societies across key time frames and students pursuing History at Key Stage 5 receive an enhanced level of substantiated and disciplinary knowledge of Britain and wider world societies across key time frames. As a result of the cyclical and spiralling nature of the History Curriculum, Key Stage 3 areas of study still have relevance at Key Stage 4 and at Key Stage 5.

Students will acquire, by accessing the History Curriculum at Longcroft:

- A broad, balanced and detailed understanding of Britain from before 1066 right up the modern day.
- A broad understanding of Ancient World Civilisations and their medical beliefs and practices in particular.
- A broad, balanced and detailed understanding of the recent histories of three main modern-day World Powers:
  - Germany
  - Russia/USSR
  - USA
- An awareness of key themes that underpin and link different time periods, societies and civilisations across the world.
- Broad and deep substantive knowledge to understanding historical events and their significance.
- The disciplinary knowledge required to develop into an Historian.



Our curriculum reflects our core school values of Great Heart, Great Thought and Great Vision:

#### Great Heart:

The History Curriculum encourages students to embed empathy and to be accepting and appreciative of differing viewpoints that have existed/exist about different historical events. The History Curriculum also encourages students to develop a strong moral compass and to become global citizens who seek to improve future life chances by ensuring that dogmatic approaches and attitudes of the past are not repeated in the future.

#### Great Thought:

The History Curriculum encourages students to take a holistic approach to the subject in order for students to broaden their own perspectives by embracing political, economic, social and International Community approaches to History allowing students to develop a secure grasp of historiography. The History Curriculum seeks to advance students from being scholars of History to being Historians in their own right.

#### Great Vision:

The History Curriculum encourages students to be able to see their own purpose and sense of belonging not just within the local area but also within the wider national context and on the broader International stage. The History Curriculum aims for students to foster a sense of pride in the local area, a sense of pride as citizens of Britain and a sense of pride as part of the global community, thus developing young people who are able to interact and engage with other members of the National and International Community with knowledge and empathy. The History Curriculum allows students to develop their disciplinary knowledge to allow them to play full and active roles in wider society once they leave formal education.



#### Key subject skills:

AO1	AO2	AO3	A04	History National Curriculum KS 3 Programme of Study: Key Subject Skills
Historical Knowledge & Understanding -	Explain & analyse historical events & periods -	Analyse, evaluate & use sources -	Make substantiated judgments about interpretations -	Pupils should extend and deepen their chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, so that it provides a well-informed context for wider learning (AO1). Pupils should identify
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the period studied.	Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts.  Second-order historical concepts include:  Continuity, Change, Cause, Consequence, Significance, Similarity, Difference	Analyse, evaluate and use sources (contemporary to the period) to make substantiated judgements, in the context of historical events studied.	Analyse, evaluate and make substantiated judgements about interpretations (including how and why interpretations may differ) in the context of historical events studied.	significant events, make connections, draw contrasts, and analyse trends within periods and over long arcs of time. They should use historical terms and concepts in increasingly sophisticated ways. They should pursue historically valid enquiries including some they have framed themselves, and create relevant, structured and evidentially supported accounts in response (AO2). They should understand how different types of historical sources are used rigorously to make historical claims (AO3) and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed (AO4).

#### Building on prior learning:

Pupils build on prior learning about Anglo-Saxon and Viking Britain from KS 2 by initially demonstrating what they know and understand through retrieval and recap activities which cover the daily lives of each civilisation, how they came to settle in pre-Medieval England and the relationship between the two civilisations. Students will also build on the concepts of Earldoms and Danelaw and go on to hypothesise why England was vulnerable to attack from external threats. The first thematic study area of Society and Culture in Britain post-1066 will focus on the impact that invading Normans had on ordinary people's lives and will allow pupils to determine aspects of continuity and change, make connections and draw contrasts with pre-1066 Civilisations that were studied at KS 2. This will therefore allow prior and present study areas to be weaved together.

Pupils return to the ancient world at the end of Key Stage 3 and this cyclical curriculum moves back to the time periods studied in Key Stages 1 and 2 and then provides a bridge for pupils to access the study of Britain: Health and the People from 1000 to Present Day at Key Stage 4, once again moving the chronology forward to cover a vast time period. In addition, as the materials are drawn from legacy resources used in previous GCSE teaching, they can present a challenge and broadening of the skills covered in Year 9 and again scaffolding the type of analysis and rigour needed as children transition into Year 10 and GCSE study.

#### What can students do by the end of KS2?

Pupils should be secure in their chronological understanding of pre-Medieval English history, knowing that the Anglo-Saxons arrived in England after the Romans left in around 445AD and that the Viking invasion took place later in around 787AD. Pupils should be able to ascertain similarities and differences between Anglo-Saxons and Vikings and be able to describe what their respective settlements and lifestyles were like as well as beginning to explain the relative significance of each civilisation on shaping England. Pupils may also be able to compare and contrast both the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings with the Romans and may also be able to give a reasoned judgement about which of the three civilisations had the biggest impact on shaping pre-Medieval England. Pupils should be able to interpret the content of historical sources to help them to determine the message that sources are trying to get across and also should be able to speculate the reason/motive why historical sources were produced and have an awareness of bias and its impact. Pupils should also be able to confidently identify Primary and Secondary sources and begin to formulate ideas about their relative utility.

#### Baseline expectations:

Pupils to be able to arrange historical civilisations and historical events in chronological order. Pupils to be able to identify key words and meanings associated with Anglo-Saxons and Vikings and to provide a basic narrative of the key characteristics and lifestyles of each civilisation. Pupils to be able to differentiate between Primary and Secondary sources and to have the ability to extract basic information from historical sources in order to understand what they are showing or saying.

#### What are the skills gaps?

Pupils' ability to adopt "writing stamina" and provide convincing and varied explanations to open-ended questions. Fear of going against conventional viewpoints even if pupils can support challenge to accepted, conventional viewpoints. This can really impede creativity and originality. Pupils' ability to be able to make a clear decision in support of one aspect or viewpoint when faced with choosing the most significant contributing factor to a given issue. Lack of exposure to source material means that pupils can find determining the message that historical sources are trying to get across difficult and also struggle when trying to determine the reason/motive why historical sources were produced. Pupils also struggle to clearly determine the difference between sources being useful and sources being reliable.





Year $^{\prime}$	7

#### Students can:

- Demonstrate Chronological understanding of the 1066 - Early C20th time period and describe selected key occurrences that took place (AO1)
- Explain selected key historical events that occurred during the 1066 - Early C20th time period and begin to analyse their significance (AO2)
- Analyse the content of Primary and Secondary historical sources to determine their message and purpose (AO3)
- Describe differences between interpetations of the same historical event/issue (AO4)

#### Skills are demonstrated through:

- A thematic study of Society and Culture in Britain from 1066 to the Early C20th where pupils show understanding of aspects of continuity and change, can pinpointing significant occurrences and events, make connections between events and issues and draw contrasts between events and issues.
- A thematic study of Power and Conflict in Britain from 1066 to the Early C20th where pupils show understanding of aspects of continuity and change, can pinpointing significant occurrences and events, make connections between events and issues and draw contrasts between events and
- A thematic study of Power and Conflict in Britain from 1066 to the Early C20th where pupils show understanding of aspects of continuity and change, can pinpointing significant occurrences and events, make connections between events and issues and draw contrasts between events and issues.

#### Year 8

#### Students can:

- -Confidently demonstrate broad understanding of the 1745 - 1933 time period by describing several key occurrences that took place (AO1)
- Confidently explain and analyse the significance of several key historical events that occurred during the 1745 1933 time period (AO2)
- Analyse the content of Primary and Secondary historical sources to determine their message and purpose and begin to link in provenance in order to begin making tentative judgements about them (AO3)
- -Explain reasons for differences between interpetations of the same historical event/issue (AO4)

#### Skills are demonstrated through:

- Understanding why the British Empire developed and give reasons for it developing in the loctions where it did.
- Linking the development of the British Empire to the development and growth of the Triangular Trade and understand its impact on Britain, West Africa and the USA and Caribbean.
- Understanding the impact that the Industrial Revolution had on the Britain, her people and the government and link its occurrence to the development and growth of both the British Empire and the Triangular Trade.
- Understanding how the Industrial Revolution was vital in influencing the outbreak of WWI and how it influenced the type of warfare that emerged between 1914 and 1918.
- Understanding how WWI affected Britain and its citizens as well as the impact of the 1919 Peace Ageements.

Students can:

#### -Demonstrate deep understanding of both ancient and modern world depth studies by being able to confidently explain key occurrences within them/characteristics of them (AO1)

- -Confidently explain and analyse the significance of the depth study areas and make links between them and other similar topic areas covered throughout KS 3 (AO2)
- -Make supported judgements about varied historical sources by exploring their content, provenance and purpose and linking to own contextual knowledge. Students can also compare different historical sources about the same event in order to assess their relative utility (AO3)
- Begin to critique interpretations about historical events by linking in appropriate contextual knowledge to prove/disprove them (AO4)

#### Skills are demonstrated through:

- -Understanding why the Nazi Party came to power in Germany and how it affected both German and non-German citizens during the 1933 - 1945 time period.
- -Understanding how Nazi rule in Germany led to the outbrak of WWII in 1939 and the Holocaust occurring during the 1942- 1945 time period.
- -Understanding key turining points of WWII, how WWII affected the local area and how it imacted the citizens living in Hull and the East Riding.
- -Understanding ideas about illness, medicine and treatment that various ancient World Civilisations had and how these ideas influenced future civilisations.
- -Making links between the pre-1066 world and the post-1066 world by being able to join together their final KS 3 study area with their first KS 3 study area.

### Students can:

-Demonstrate complex understanding of the British Thematic Study, British Depth Study and World Period Breadth Study by being able to confidently critique key occurrences witihn them/characteristics of them (AO1)

Year 10

- -Make reasoned judgments consistently about the significance of the British Thematic Study, British Depth Study and World Period Breadth Study and make confident links between them and other similar topic areas covered throughout KS 3 (AO2)
- -Make reasoned judgements with some conviction about varied historical sources by exploring their content, provenance and purpose and linking to own contextual knowledge (AO3)
- -Confidently critique interpretations about historical events by linking in appropriate contextual knowledge to prove/disprove them (AO4)

#### Skills are demonstrated through:

- -Understanding aspects of continuity, change and significance in the health of the British people over time by exploring developments in medicine, treatment, surgery and Public Health and critiquing interpretations about selected aspects of health of the British people over time
- -Understanding aspects of change and significance in Elizabethan England by exploring the Elizabethan Government, Elizabethan Society and Culture, Religious turmoil in Elizabethan England and International Relations and critiquing interpretations about selected aspects of Elizabethan England
- -Understanding aspects of continuity and change in the USA between 1920 and 1973 by exploring Political, Economic and Social decisions and devlopments and critiquing interpretations about selected aspects of the USA between 1920 and 1973

#### Students can:

-Demonstrate sustained complex understanding of both the World Period Breadth Study and Wider World Depth Study by being able to confidently critique key occurrences witihn them/characteristics of them (AO1)

Year 11

- -Make convincing reasoned judgments consistently about the significance of both the World Period Breadth Study and Wider World Depth Study and make links between them and other similar topic areas covered throughout KS 3 and KS 4 (AO2)
- -Make sustained convincing judgements about varied historical sources by critically interleaving their content, provenance and purpose and linking to own contextual knowledge. Students can also critically compare different historical sources about the same event in order to assess their relative utility (AO3)
- -Make sustained confident critical interpretations about historical events by linking in appropriate contextual knowledge to prove/disprove them

#### Skills are demonstrated through:

- -Understanding aspects of continuity and change in the USA between 1920 and 1973 by exploring Political, Economic and Social decisions and devlopments and critiquing interpretations about selected aspects of the USA between 1920 and 1973
- -Understanding aspects of continuity, change and significance during the Cold War World between 1945 and 1972 by exploring the key Political and Economic decisions and developments of the USA, USSR and their respective allies, and assessing their shorter and longer terms impacts
- -Critiquing and comparing varied interpretations about the key Political and Economic decisions and developments of the USA, USSR during the Cold War World between 1945 and 1972.



Britain Thematic Study, 1066 - Early ADZ "Describe" ADZ "DESCRIBE ADD ADZ "DESCRIBE" ADZ "DESCRIBE ADD ADZ "			Autumn				Spring				Summer		
Study, 1066 - Early (20th: Theme = Society and Culture - "What were people's fives like between 1686 and between 1686 and the Early Cath"   Vising and Angle Saxon and Vikings and Angle Saxon and Vikings and Ang	Year	Topic	Assessment	Skills tested	Links	Topic	Assessment	Skills tested	Links	Topic	Assessment	Skills tested	Links
	7	Study, 1066 - Early C20th: Theme = Society and Culture - "What were people's lives like between 1066 and the Early C20th?"  Key skills underpinning this unit -Chronology -Enquiry -Continuity and Change -Significance -Making Connections -Drawing Contrasts  Key Content Areas Included: -Life in England pre-1066 (pre-1066) -Life in Medieval England (1066 - 1500) -Life in Early Modern England (1500 - 1750) -Life in the Industrial Era (1750 - 1900) Life in the Early C20th: The Edwardian Age	AO2 "Describe"	AO2 AO3	learning:  KS 2 - Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Vikings  KS 2 - The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England  How does this prepare students for future learning?  Understanding Norman power, authority and control - Yr 7 Term 2  Understanding the Peasants' Revolt of 1381 - Yr 7 Term 3  Understanding Lifestyles, Society and Culture in Elizabethan	Study, 1066 - Early C20th: Theme = Power and Control-  Key skills underpinning this unit: -Chronology -Enquiry -Continuity and Change -Significance -Making Connections -Drawing Contrasts  Key Content Areas Included: -Norman control and influence from 1066 (1066 - 1500) -The power of the Medieval Church (1066 - 1500) -The rule of Henry VIII, Edward VI and Mary I (1509 - 1558) -The English Republic (1649 - 1660) -The British Empire and Colonisation (1660 - 1901) -Settlement of Australia (1787 -	AO2 "Explain the significance of"	AO2 AO3	learning:  Yr 7 Term 1 - Life in Medieval England and Early Modern England - Yr 7 Term 1  How does this prepare students for future learning?  Understanding the Peasants' Revolt of 1381 - Yr 7 Term 3  Understanding ideas about illness and treatments - Yr 9 and KS 4  Understanding the causes and key events of the Cold War between 1945	Study, 1066 - Early C20th: Theme = Protest and Revolt - "Why did people rebel against authority between 1066 and the Early C20th?"  Key skills underpinning this unit: -Chronology - Enquiry - Continuity and Change - Significance - Making Connections - Drawing Contrasts  Key Content Areas Included: -King John and the Magna Carta, 1215 (1066 - 1500) - The Peasants Revolt of 1381 (1066 - 1500) - The Gunpowder Plot, 1605 (1500 - 1750) - Discontent and Revolutionary Activity (1800 - 1900) - Women and the fight for the vote	AO2 "Write an account of"	AO2 AO3	learning:  Yr 7 Term 1 - Life in the Industrial Era  Yr 7 Term 2 - Norman control and Influence  Yr 7 Term 2 - The Gunpowder Plot, 1605  How does this prepare students for future learning?  Understanding the Catholic Plots in Elizabethan England - KS 4  Understanding the Civil Rights Movements in the USA during the 1950s and



					HISTORY						- 2CHOOL AND SIX IH FORM COLLE
Britain Breadth	1x8 mark AO3 "How	AO2	Links to prior	Britain Breadth	1x8 mark AO1 and	A02	Links to prior	Britain Breadth	1x8 mark AO3 "How	AO2	Links to prior
Study:	useful?" source	AO3	learning:	Study:	AO2 "Write an	AO3	learning:	Study:	useful?" source	AO3	learning:
Britain Modernising	question:	A04		<b>Britain Modernising</b>	account of"	A04		Britain Challenging	question:	A04	
- The Imperial and	Life on a slave		Yr 7 Term 1 -	- The Imperial and	question:		Yr 7 Term 1-	- The Modern Era,			Yr 7 Term 1 -
Industrial Era,	Plantation		The Feudal	Industrial Era,	•		Norman Control	1901 - 1933	Study source A		The Battles of
1745 - 1901 <sup>*</sup>			System	1745 - 1901			of England				1066
			.,				J	Key Content Areas			
Key skills	1x4 mark AO3 "How		Yr 7 Term 3 -	Key skills			Yr 7 Term 1 -	Included:			Yr 7 Term 1 -
underpinning this	do the		Elizabethan	underpinning this			Black Death	-The Great War:	2x4 mark AO1 and		The Feudal
unit:	interpretations		Voyages of	unit:				Outbreak (1901 -	AO2 "Describe"		System
-Chronology	differ?" source		Exploration/	-Chronology			Yr 7 Term 3 -	1914)	questions:		.,
-Enquiry	question:		Discovery	-Enquiry			Society in	-The Great War:	4		Yr 7 Term 3 -
-Continuity and	Factory working		,	-Continuity and			Elizabethan	Recruitment (1914 -			Causes of the
Change	conditions during		How does this	Change			England	1916)			English Civil
-Significance	the Industrial		prepare	-Significance				-The Great War:			War
-Making	Revolution		students for	-Making			How does this	War on the			,,
Connections	110 / 0101011		future	Connections			prepare	Battlefield (1914 -			Yr 8 Term 1 -
-Drawing Contrasts			learning?	-Drawing Contrasts			students for	1918)			Empire
Drawing Contracts	1x4 mark AO3 "Why			Drawing Contracts			future	-The End of the			Development
Key Content Areas	do the		Understanding	Key Content Areas			learning?	Great War (1918)			2 d / d / d / d / d / d / d / d / d / d
Included:	interpretations		why WWI was	Included:				-Peacemaking post-			Yr 8 Term 1 -
-Development of	differ?" source		the first	-Working in			Understanding	WWI (1919 - 1933)			Triangular
the British Empire	question:		"Industrial	Industrial Britain			Causes and	(			Trade
(1745 - 1901)	Factory working		War" - Yr 8	(1820 - 1901)			course of WWI -				
-Triangular Trade	conditions during		Term 3	-Changes for			Yr 8 Term 3				Yr 8 Term 2 -
and Plantation Life	the Industrial		1011113	workers and to			11 0 101111 3				Liberal Reforms
(1745 - 1865)	Revolution		Understanding	Public Health (1820			Understanding				2.50.00.00.00
-The onset of	110 / 0101011		why the build-	- 1901)			causes of illness				How does this
Industrialisation			up of Empires	.,,			and the spread				prepare
(1750 - 1820)	1x8 mark AO4		was a key cause				of disease - Yr				students for
-Living in Industrial	"Which is most		of war in 1914 -	Britain Breadth			9 Term 3				future
Britain (1820 -	convincing?" source		Yr 8 Term 3	Study:			,				learning?
1901)	question:			Britain Challenging			Understanding				
,	Factory working		Understanding	- The Modern Era,			Life, society				Understanding
	conditions during		reasons for,	1901 - 1933			and culture in				the Outbreak
	the Industrial		and impact of				Elizabethan				of WWII - Yr 9
	Revolution		Elizabethan	Key skills			England - KS 4				Term 2
			voyages of	underpinning this			J				
			Exploration/	unit:			Understanding				Understanding
			Discovery - KS 4	-Chronology			illness and the				Warfare during
				-Enquiry			treatment of				WW II - Yr 9
			Understanding	-Continuity and			disease - KS 4				Terms 2 and 3
			how the Cold	Change							
			War world	-Significance			Understanding				Understanding
			developed	-Making			Civil Rights				the Spanish
			between 1945	Connections			campaigns in				Armada - KS 4
			and 1972 - KS 4	-Drawing Contrasts			the USA during				
							the 1950s and				Understanding
				Key Content Areas			1960s - KS 4				Peacemaking
				Included:							post WWII and
				-Children, Lifestyles							the onset of
				and Liberal Reforms							the Cold War -
				(1901 - 1911)							KS 4





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9 World Depth and Thematic Study: Significant Society in World History - Nazi Germany, 1933 - 1939. Linked in: Jewish Persecution and the Holocaust, 1933 - 1945  Key skills underpinning this unit: - Chronology - Enquiry - Continuity and Change - Significance - Making Connections - Drawing Contrasts  Key Content Areas Included: - The Rise of Hitler and the Nazi Party - Nazi Party rule and control - Living in Nazi Germany - Rebuilding Germany - Attitudes towards Non-Germans - The Holocaust	1x12 mark AO1 and AO2 "Comparison of two issues" source question:	AO1 AO2 AO3 AO4	Links to prior learning:  Yr 7 Term 2-Power and Control  Yr 8 Term 1-Development of the British Empire and the Triangular Trade  Yr 8 Term 1-The onset of the Industrial Revolution  Yr 8 Term 2 - The Liberal Reforms  Yr 8 Term 3-Peacemaking post-WWII  How does this prepare students for future learning?  Understanding why WWII occurred in 1939 - Yr 9 Term 2  Understanding why key WWII conflicts occurred - Yr 9 Term 3  Understanding how Elizabeth I maintained authority and legitimacy	World Depth and Thematic Study: WWII - Britain, USA and USSR. Linked in: Local History Study- Impact of WWII on Kingston-upon-Hull, (comparing historical sources to explore rigorously how evidence is used to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed)  Key skills underpinning this unit: -Chronology -Enquiry -Continuity and Change -Significance -Making Connections -Drawing Contrasts  Key Content Areas Included: - Outbreak of WWII - Blitzkrieg and Dunkirk - Evacuation and Kingston-Upon-Hull - The Blitz and Kingston-Upon-Hull	1x12 mark AO3 "How useful? Source comparison" question: Study sources B and C.	A01 A02 A03 A04	Links to prior learning:  Yr 8 Term 3 - Outbreak of WWI in 1914  Yr 9 Term 1 - The build-up of Germany as a military threat between 1933 and 1939  How does this prepare students for future learning?  Understanding Conflict against the Spanish Armada - KS 4  Understanding Peacemaking post WWII and the onset of the Cold War - KS 4	World Depth and Thematic Study: WWII - Britain, USA and USSR. Linked in: Local History Study- Impact of WWII on Kingston-upon-Hull Key Content Areas Included: - D-Day - USA and USSR  World Thematic Study: Ancient Civilisations: Illness and Medicine - Egyptians, Greeks, Romans and Britain pre-1066  Key skills underpinning this unit: -Chronology -Enquiry -Continuity and Change -Significance -Making Connections -Drawing Contrasts  Key Content Areas Included: - Pre-historic Peoples' ideas - Ancient Egyptian ideas - Ancient Greek ideas - Roman ideas - Ideas in Britain pre-1066	1x8 mark AO1 and AO2 "Explain the significance of" question:	A01 A02 A03 A04	Links to prior learning:  Yr 9 Term 1 - The build-up of Germany as a military threat between 1933 and 1939  Yr 9 Term 2 - Blitzkrieg and th Blitz  Yr 7 Term 2 - The Power of the Medieval Church  How does this prepare students for future learning?  Understanding the Spanish Armada - KS 4  Understanding Peacemaking post WWII and the onset of the Cold War - KS 4  Understanding and treating illnesses and disease from 1000 to Present day - KS 4



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			between 1568								
			and 1603 - KS 4								
10 B 11 L TI 11	4.0. 1.404 1	101	1111	B *** 1 <b>T</b> 1 **	4.44	101	111 1 1	D 111 L D 11	4.0. 1.404.011	101	
10 British Thematic	1x8 mark AO1 and	A01	Links to prior	British Thematic	1x16 mark AO1 and	A01	Links to prior	British Depth	1x8 mark AO4 "How	A01	Links to prior
Study:	AO2 "Explain the	A02	learning:	Study:	AO2 "Influence of	A02	learning:	Study:	convincing is the	A02	learning:
Unit 2 (81452) - AA	significance of"	AO3	V - 7 T 2	Unit 2 (81452) - AA	key factor over	A03	V - 0 T 2	Unit 2 (81452) - BC	interpretation"	AO3	V-7.T
Britain: Health and	question:	A04	Yr 7 Term 2 -	Britain: Health and	time" question:	A04	Yr 8 Term 2 -	Elizabethan	question:	A04	Yr 7 Term 2 -
the people: c1000	The Medieval Church and		The power of the Medieval	the people: c1000	War and its impact		Liberal Reforms	England: c1568 -	The Spanish Armada		The British
to the present day	Medicine		Church	to the present day	on the development		Yr 8 Term 3 -	1603			Empire and Colonisation
Key skills	Medicine		Church	Key Content Areas	of surgery		WWI on the	Key Content Areas	1x16 mark AO1 and		Cotomisation
underpinning this			Yr 8 Term 2 -	Included:			Battlefield	Included:	AO2 "Importance of		Yr 7 Term 3 -
unit;	1x8 mark AO3 "How		Liberal Reforms	- Modern medicine:			Dattleffeld	inciuded.	given factor linked		The
-Chronology	useful?" source		Liberat Keromis	1900 - Present Day			Yr 7 Term 1 -	- Troubles at Home	to Historical		Gunpowder
-Enquiry	guestion:		Yr 8 Term 3 -	1700 Tresent bay			Life in Early	and Abroad	Environment"		Plot
-Continuity and	Surgery during the		WWI on the				Modern England	- Elizabethan	question:		1 100
Change	Renaissance/Early		Battlefield	British Depth	1x8 mark AO1 and		modern England	Historical	The main purpose		Yr 7 Term 1 -
-Significance	Modern Period		Duttierieta	Study:	AO2 "Explain what		Yr 7 Term 2 -	Environment Study	of Theatre being to		Life in Early
-Making			Yr 9 Term 3 -	Unit 2 (81452) - BC	was important		The rule of		promote Elizabeth I		Modern
Connections			Ancient	Elizabethan	about" question:		Henry VIII,		linked to the		England
-Drawing Contrasts	1x8 mark AO1 and		Civilisations	England: c1568 -	Elizabethan		Edward VI and		building of The		J
	AO2 "Comparison of		and beliefs in	1603	Progresses		Mary I		Globe Theatre		Yr 8 Term 2 -
<b>Key Content Areas</b>	similarities"		illness and								Liberal Reforms
Included:	question:		medicine	Key skills			Yr 7 Term 2 -				
- Medicine stands	Comparison of			underpinning this	1x8 mark AO1 and		The British	World Period Depth	2x4 mark AO1 and		Yr 9 Term 1 -
still:	different illnesses		How does this	unit:	AO2 "Write an		Empire and	Study:	AO2 "Describe"		Attitudes
Medieval/Middle	during different		prepare	-Chronology	account of"		Colonisation	Unit 1 (81451) - AD	questions:		towards non-
Ages, C1000 - 1500	time periods		students for	-Enquiry	question:			America, 1920 -	USA in the 1920s		Germans
- The beginnings of			future	-Continuity and	Poverty during the		Yr 7 Term 3 -	1973: Opportunity			between 1933
change: The			learning?	Change	Elizabethan period		The Gunpowder	and Inequality	1x8 mark AO1 and		and 1939 in
Renaissance/Early			I local a make or alimon	-Significance			Plot	Va., al-illa	AO2 "Explain how"		Germany
Modern Period, 1500 - 1800			Understanding the impact of	-Making			How does this	Key skills underpinning this	question: USA in the 1920s		Yr 9 Term 1 -
- A revolution in			the Marshall	Connections -Drawing Contrasts			prepare	underpinning this unit;	USA III the 1920S		Rebuilding
medicine: Industrial			Plan on the NHS	-Drawing Contrasts			students for	-Chronology	1x4 mark AO3 "How		Germany
Period/C19th, 1800			- Yr 11 Term 1	Key Content Areas			future	-Enquiry	do the		Germany
- 1900			- II II Ieilli I	Included:			learning?	-Continuity and	interpretations		How does this
- Modern medicine:				- Elizabeth's			tearring.	Change	differ?" source		prepare
1900 - Present Day				Background, Court			Understanding	-Significance	question:		students for
. reserve bay				and Parliament			the impact of	-Making Connections	The New Deal		future
				- Life in Elizabethan			the Marshall	-Drawing Contrasts			learning?
				times			Plan on the NHS	J	1x4 mark AO3 "Why		3
				- Troubles at Home			- Yr 11 Term 1	Key Content Areas	do the		Understanding
				and Abroad				Included:	interpretations		Superpower
							Understanding		differ?" source		Rivalry during
							Superpower	-American people	question:		the Cold War -
							Rivalry during	and the 'Boom':	The New Deal		Yr 11 Term 1
							the Cold War -	1920s and 'Divided			
							Yr 11 Term 1	'Society'	1x8 mark AO4		
								-Americans'	"Which is most		
								experiences of the	convincing?" source		
								Depression and New	question:		
								Deal: 1930 - 1945	The New Deal		



					HISTORY						—SCHOOL AND SIXTH FORM COLLE
11 World Period	2x4 mark AO1 and	A01	Links to prior	Wider World Depth	1x12 mark AO3	A01	Links to prior	Revision of Unit 2	Review of	A01	Links to prior
Depth Study:	AO2 "Describe"	AO2	learning:	Study:	"How useful?	A02	learning:	(81452) topics:	Assessment/Exam	AO2	learning:
Unit 1 (81451) -	questions:	A03		Unit 1 (81451) - BC	Source comparison"	A03		(51.152) 154.151	Questions types	AO3	
AD America, 1920	USA in the 1950s		Yr 8 Term 2 -	Conflict and			Vr 10 Anglo	- AA Britain: Health	which cover all		Yr 10 Term 1
		A04			question:	A04	Yr 10 - Anglo-			A04	
- 1973:	and 1960s		Liberal Reforms	Tension between	The 1960 U2		Spanish rivalry	and the people:	Assessment		and Term 2 -
Opportunity and				East and West,	Incident		during the	c1000 to the	Objectives		AA Britain:
Inequality	1x8 mark AO1 and		Yr 9 Term 1 -	1945 - 1972			Elizabethan Era	present day			Health and the
	AO2 "Explain how"		Attitudes								people: c1000
Key Content Areas	question:		towards non-	Key Content Areas	1x16 mark AO1 and		Understanding	- BC Elizabethan			to the present
Included:	Impact of WWII on		Germans	Included:	AO2 "Influence of		Superpower	England:			day
metadea.	the USA		between 1933	meiaca.	key factor over		Rivalry during	c1568 - 1603			day
-Americans'	the OSA		and 1939 in	- Development of	given time period"		the Cold War -	C1300 1003			Yr 10 Term 2
							Yr 11 Term 1				and Term 3 -
experiences of the	4 42 1 404 1		Germany	the Cold War: 1950	question:		TI II Term I				
Depression and New	1x12 mark AO1 and			- 1959	The actions of the			Revision of Unit 1	Review of		BC Elizabethan
Deal - 1930 - 1945	AO2 "Comparison of		Yr 9 Term 1 -	- Transformation of	USA between 1960		How does this	(81451) topics:	Assessment/Exam		England:
- Post-war America	two issues" source		Rebuilding	the Cold War: 1960	and 1970		prepare		Questions types		c1568 - 1603
- 1945 - 1973	question:		Germany	- 1972			students for	- AD America, 1920	which cover all		
	Civil Rights						future	1973: Opportunity	Assessment		Yr 10 Term 3
	campaign styles		Yr 10 - Anglo-				learning?	and inequality	Objectives		and Yr 11 Term
	campaign seytes		Spanish rivalry					and mequaticy			1 -
			during the				Understanding	- BC Conflict and			AD America,
	1v4 mark AO2 "Have		Elizabethan Era								
W. 1 W 115 (1	1x4 mark AO3 "How		Elizabethan Era				Modern Britain	tension between			1920 1973:
Wider World Depth	do you know?"						and its "Special	East and West,			Opportunity
Study:	source question:		How does this				Relationship"	1945 - 1972			and inequality
Unit 1 (81451) - BC	Anti-USSR cartoon		prepare				with the USA -				
Conflict and			students for				KS 5				Yr 11 Term 1
Tension between	1x8 mark AO1 and		future								and Yr 11 Term
East and West,	AO2 "Write an		learning?				Understanding				2 -
1945 - 1972	account of"						the influence of				BC Conflict and
1745 1772	question:		Understanding				Communism in				tension
	Events in Korea,		Superpower				on Tsarist				between East
Key skills											
underpinning this	1950 - 1953		Rivalry during				Russia and the				and West,
unit:			the Cold War -				USSR - KS 5				1945 - 1972
-Chronology			Yr 11 Term 1								
-Enquiry											How does this
-Continuity and			Understanding								prepare
_			Modern Britain								students for
Change			and its "Special								future
-Significance			Relationship"								learning?
-Making			with the USA -								learning:
Connections											The decrete and the se
-Drawing Contrasts			KS 5								Understanding
3											Modern Britain
Key Content Areas			Understanding								and its "Special
Included:			the influence of								Relationship"
_			Communism in								with the USA -
- The origins of the			on Tsarist								KS 5
Cold War: 1945 -			Russia and the								
1949			USSR - KS 5								Understanding
- Development of			0331/ - 1/3 3								the influence
the Cold War: 1950											
- 1959											of Communism
											in on Tsarist
											Russia and the
											USSR - KS 5

# LONGCROFT -SCHOOL AND SIXTH FORM COLLEGE

# Longcroft School Curriculum Overview HISTORY

#### **Enrichment Opportunities**

Key stage	
	- Northumberland residential - July, Year 7 and Year 8 (links to PE)
	- Hull and East Riding Museums - Year 7 and Year 8 (links to Science)
KS3	- The Great Longcroft Dig - May, Year 7 (links to Careers)
K22	- Historical Book Club (links to English)
	- Historical model making (links to Art, Technology)
	- Guest Speakers (links to Careers, PSHE)
	- Berlin - Easter, Year 11 and Year 10
	- Thackray Medical Museum - November, Year 10 (links to Science, Careers, PSHE)
KS4	- Burton Agnes Hall - June, Year 10
	- Debating Society (links to English, Politics)
	- Guest Speakers (links to Careers, PSHE)
	- Twin centre trip to Russia (Moscow and St. Petersburg) - June, Year 12
	- Trip to Rome - June, Year 12 (links to Classical Civilisation)
KS5	- Tour of Parliament - November, Year 13 (links to Politics)
	- Debating Society (links to English, Politics)
	- Guest Speakers (links to Careers, PSHE)